SHAFRANOVSKIY, Sergey Aleksandrovich; PEREVERZEV, Nikolay Zakharovich; ; KOROLEV, Nikolay Ivanovich [deceased]; KUZ'MICH, Vadim Dmitriyovich; KISELEVA, N.P., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.

[Diesel locomotives] Teplovozy. Izd.3., dop. i perer. [By] S.A.Shafranovskii i dr. Moskva, Transport, 1964. 334 p. (MIRA 18:2)

RAKHMATULIN, Mansur Dzhalyali, kand. tekhn. nauk; KISELEVA, N.P., red.

[Maintenance and repair of diesel locomotives] Remont teplovozov. Izd.2., perer. i dop. Moskva, Transport, 1965.
495 p. (MIRA 18:7)

SHISHKIN, Kirill Aleksandrovich, prof.; GUREVICH, Abram Natanovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; STEPANOV, Aleksandr Dmitriyevich, doktor tekhn. nauk; VASIL'YEV, Vladimir Andreyevich, kand. tekhn. nauk; SURZHIN, Sergey Nikolayevich, inzh.; KISELEVA, N.P., red.

[MTE3" diesel locomotive] Teplovoz TE3. Izd.3., perer. [By] K.A.Shishkin i dr. Moskva, Transport, 1965. 411 p. (MIRA 18:7)

Card : 1/2

-00513P000722810010

Ι

Country: USSR

Category: Plant Physiology. Mineral Nutrition.

Abs Jour: RZhBiol., No 14, 1958, No 62987

the relative weight of roots and racenes. The weight of stalks increased as a result of the K deficiency. The total carbohydrate content increased in the fifth week of potassium starvation and diminished during the 7-10th week in all variants. Potassium starvation caused a decrease in the starch content and an increase in the sugar content in relation to the total carbohydrate content. The K deficiency caused an increase in the content of monosaccharides and of sugars belonging to the strongly hydrolyzed group (maltose) and a decrease in the content of saccarose. The conclusion is drawn that potassium starvation causes a decrease in the physiological activity of the leaf. -- 0.P. Medvedeva

Card : 2/2

I-10

MISELEVA. N.S.

ABRROVED FOR RELEASEIA 99/17/2001 12/2010 12/2010 19-1

Matissen, Petr Petrovich, and Natal'ya Sergeyevna Kiseleva

Proizvodstvo viskoznogo shtapel'nogo volokna (Production of Viscose Staple Fiber) 2d ed., rev. and enl. Moscow, Gizlegprom, 1958. 243 p. 3,000 copies printed.

Reviewers: A.B. Pakshver and V.P. Yunitskiy; Ed.: L.S. Varshavskaya; Tech. Ed.: M.T. Knaknin.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for engineers and technicians employed in the synthetic fiber industry.

COVERAGE: This book is a second edition, revised and enlarged.
Additional information is given on a continuous process of
balk mercerization described as new; on the preparation of a
viscose solution in the viscose apparatus; on the formation
of fiber by the alkaline method; on tow production with
periodic thinnings; and on the dyeing process of the spinning
solution. Spinning and finishing machines and drying

Card 1/10

Production of Viscose Staple Fiber

SOV/1429

apparatus, all described as new, as well as equipment for the removal and condensation of carbon disulfide, are also discussed. R.V. Kupinskiy assisted in the revision of chapter IV. Z.F. Kipershlak assisted in revising Chapter V and the section dealing with equipment for the regeneration of precipitation baths in Chapter VI. V.I. Mayboroda helped with the section dealing with the alkaline method of forming staple fiber in Chapter III and with the section on bulk dyeing in Chapter VII. I.P. Sakharov worked on sections of Chapters III and IV dealing with drying processes and equipment. A.L. Tenenbaum took part in the revision of the section on tow production in Chapter VII. The author thanks the reviewers for their assistance in this work, and also G. Ye. Birger, V.A. Gruzdev, S.P. Lipinskiy, Ye. M. Mogilevskiy, and E.A. Nemchenko. There are 26 references, of which 25 are Soviet and 1 is German.

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Foreword

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Introduction

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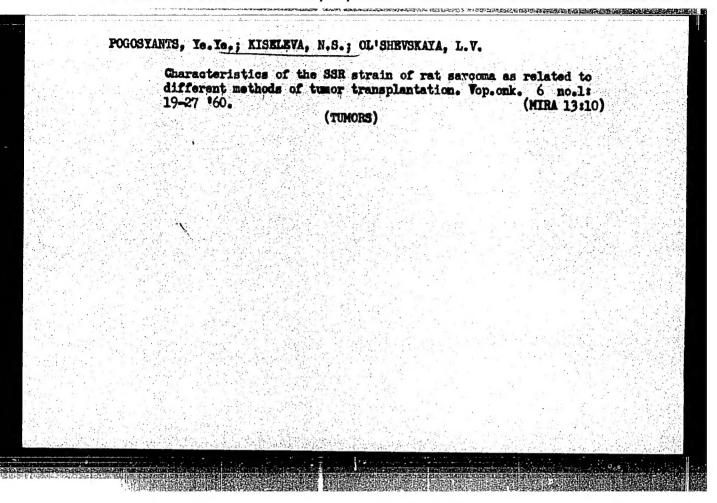
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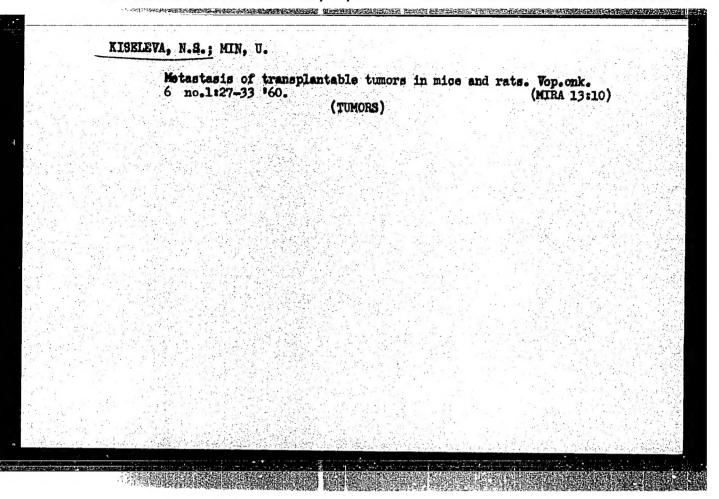
KISELEVA, N. S. (USSR)

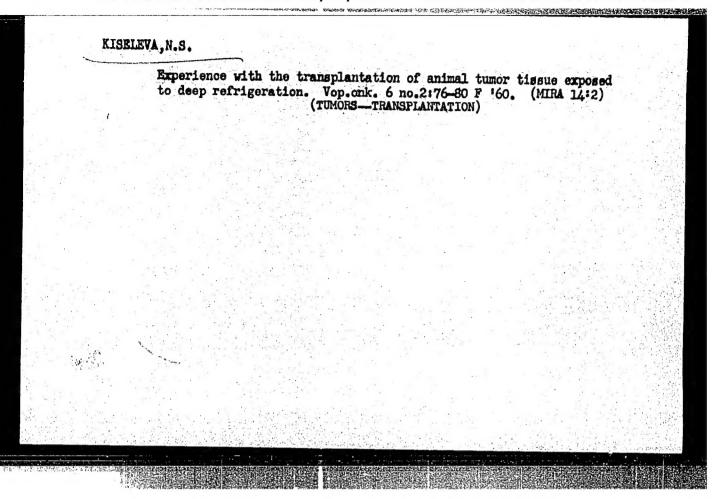
"The influence of deep freezing and of the inoculation route upon the frequency and distribution of metastases of various transplantable tumour strains."

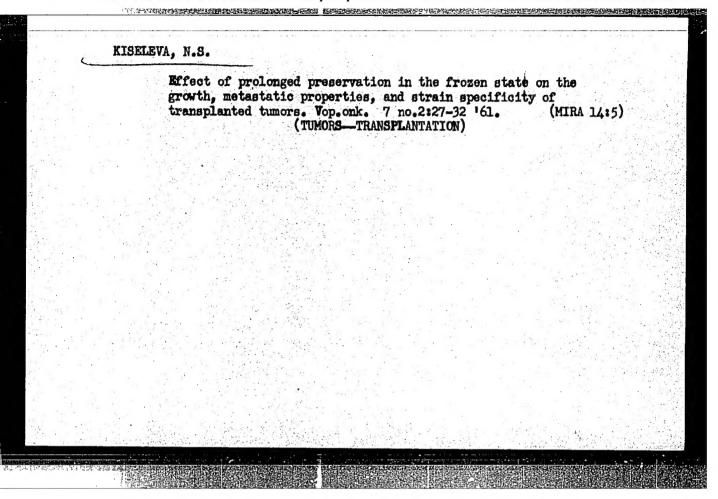
report submitted for the European Conference on Tumor Biology Warsaw, Poland 22-27 May 1961

Kiseleva, N. S.-Inst. of Experimental and Clinical Oncology A.M.S., Meshchanskaya 61/2, Moskva









KUDRYASHOV, N.T.; KISELEVA, N.S.

Low-temperature coolers for storing frozen biological material.
Khol. tekh. 38 'no.4:46-47 Jl-Ag '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kholodil'noy promyshlennosti im. A.I.Mikoyana (for Kudryashov). 2. Institut eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR (for Kiseleva).
(Tumors) (Refrigeration and refrigerating machinery)

(Tissues--Preservation)

KISELEVA, N.S.

Effect of the rate of freezing and thawing of tumor tissues on the growth of transplanted tumors. Biul. eksp. bibl. i med. 51 no.4:98-102 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Iz laboratorii opukholevykh shtammov (zav. - doktor biologicheskikh nauk Ye. Ye. Pogosyants) otdela etiologii i patogeneza opukholey (zav. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.D. Timofeyevskiy) Instituta eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy onkologii (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. N.N. Blokhin) AMN SSSR, Moskva. Představlem deystvitel'nys chlenom AMN SSSR A.D. Timofeyevskim. (TUMORS—TRANSPIANTATION)

KISELEVA, N.S. (Moskva)

Growth and metastasis of transplanted tumors in rats following different methods of transplantation. Pat. fiziol. i eksp. terap. 6 no.1:56-58 Ja-F '62. (MIRA 15:3)

l. Iz laboratorii opukholevykh shtammov (zav. - doktor biologicheskikh nauk Ye.Ye. Pogosyants) otdela etiologii (zav. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.D. Timofeyevskiy) Institut eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. N.N., Blokhin).

(TUMORS)

KISELEVA, N.S. (Moskva)

Tentative sarcolysin therapy of pulmonary metastases of Walker's carcinesarcome. Pat. fiziol. i eksp. terap. 6 no.4:50-53

[MIRA 17:8]

1. Iz laboratorii opukholevykh shtammov (zav. - doktor biologicheskikh nauk Ye.Ye. Pogosyants) otdela etiologii i patogeneza opukholey (zav. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.D. Timofeyevskiy) Instituta ksperimental'soy i klinicheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. N.N. Blokhin).

KISELEVA, N.S.

Deep freezing of tumor tissues as a method for their prolonged preservation. Vop onk. 8 no. 10:104-116 '62. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Iz laboratorii opukholevykh shtammov (zav. - dr. biolog. nauk. Ye.Ye.Pogosyants) otdela etiologii i patogeneza opukholey (zav. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR, prof. A.D. Timofeyevskiy) Instituta eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR (direktor - deystvitel'nyy c len AMN SSSR, prof. N.N.Blokhin). Adres avtora: Moskva, I-110, 3-ya Meshchanskaya ul., 61/2, borpus 9, Institut eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR.

POGOSYANTS, Ye. Ye.; KISELEVA, N.S.

Tumor strains maintained by the Institute of Experimental and Clinical Oncology of the Academy of Medical Sciences of the U.S.S.R. Vop. onk. 9 no.8:103 163 (MIRA 17:4)

1. Iz laboratorii opukholevykh shtammov (zav. - doktor biolog. nauk Ye. Ye. Pogosyants) Instituta eksperimental noy i klini-cheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitel nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. N.N. Blokhin). Adres avtorov: Moskva, I-110, ulitsa Shchepkina, 61/2, korpus 9, Institut eksperimental noy i klini-cheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR.

KISELEVA, N.S.; SOKOVA, O.I.

Viability of tumor tissue following a three-year storage under freezing conditions. Vop. onk. 10 no.2:108-110 '64.

1. Iz laboratorii tsitogenetiki (zav. - doktor biologicheskikh nauk Ye. Ye. Pogosyants) Instituta eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyv chlen AMN SSSR prof. N. Blokhin). Adres avtora: Moskva, I-lld, ulitsa Shchepkina, 61/2, korpus 9, Institut eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR.

KISELEVA, N.S.; PANIKAROVSKIY, V.V.

Dynamics of the development of late metastases of ascitic tumors in rats. Vop. onk. 10 no.3:41-46 164. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Iz laboratorii opukholevykh shtammov (mav. - doktor biolog. nauk Ye.Ye. Pogosyantu) otdela etiologii i patogeneza opukholev (mav. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.D. Timofeyevskiy) Instituta eksperimental'ney i klinicheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyy shlen AMN SSSR prof. N.N. Blokhin). Adres avtorov: Moskva, I-110, ul. Shchepkina, d.61/2, korp. 9, Institut eksperimental'ney i klinicheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR.

KISELEVA, N.S.; SOKOVA, O.I.; KGNSTANTINOVA, L.N.; POGOSYANTS, Ye.Ye.

Chromosome sets and the rate of tumor growth of two substrains of the ascitic hepatoma of rats. Vop. onk. 11 nc.4:61-65 65.

(MIRA 18:8) nauk Ye.Ye. oy onkologii

1. Iz laboratorii tsitogenetiki (zav. - doktor biol. nauk Ye.Ye. Pogosyants) Instituta eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy onkologii ANN SSSR (direktor - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. N.N. Blokhin).

KISELEVA, N.S.

Effect of potassium nutrition on nitrogen metabolism in the buckwheat plant. Bot.; issl.Bel.otd.VBO no.7:43-47 (MIRA 18:12)

Dynamics of establishing and severing contacts between the cells of ascitic Zaidela's hepatoma in a tissue culture.

TSitologiia 7 no.61722-728 N.D '65.

(MIRA 19s1)

1. Laboratoriya tsitogenetiki i Laboratoriya mekhanizmov kantserogeneza Instituta eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy onkologii AMN SSSR i Otdel nauchnoy i eksperimental'noy meditsinskoy kinematografii AMN SSSR, Moskva. Submitted May 11, 1964.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722810019-1"

Relation between the rate of mitosis in the cells of ascitic rat hepatoma and the size of the cellular complex. Biul. eksp. biol. i med. 60 no. 10:89-92 0 '65 (MIRA 19:1)

1. Taboratoriya tsitogenetiki (22v. - doktor biol. nauk. Ye. Ye. Fogosyanta) Institutaeksperimer '1'noy i klinichesh yenko-logii (direktor - deystwitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. N.N. Hlokhin)

AMN SSSR, Moskva. Submitted June 11, 1964.

BARULINA, N.A.; BOGDANOVA, Ye.S.; VASIL'YEV, Yu.M.; GEL'SHTEYN, V.I.;

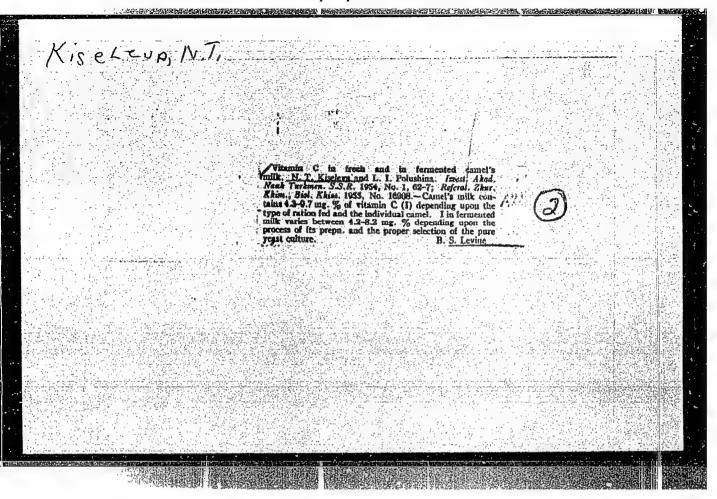
Effect of RNA preparations on the growth of transplanted hepatoms in vivo and on protein synthesis in tumor cells in vitro. Biokh mia 30 no. 3:505-513 My-Je 65 MIRA 19:1)

1. Institut biokhimii imeni Bakha AN SSSR i Institut eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy onkologii ANN SSSR i Moskva.

KISELEVA, N. T.

"Microbiological and Biochemical Characteristics of the Lactic Acid Product From Camel's Milk -- Chala." Cand Biol Sci, Turkmen State Medical Inst imeni I. V. Stalin, Min Higher Education, USSR; Inst of Biology, Acad Sci Turkmen USSR, Ashkhabad, 1954. (KL, No 10, Mar 55)

So: Sum. No 670, 29 Sept 55 - Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (15)



KiseLeva, N. T.

USSR / Farm Animals, Camels,

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Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 1957, 72084

Author

: Kiseleva, N.

Title

: Sour Milk Products From Camel Milk.

Orig Pub

: Molochnaya Prom-st, 1956, No 7, 31-33

Abstract

enjoy a great popularity among the population of Middle Asia. Several variants of these products were checked. It was found that in order to obtain the finest quality product, three kinds of microorganisms should be introduced: milk-souring bacilli, milk souring streptococci, and yeast. The relation of yeast to the bacteria should be 3:1. Such a mix-ture should be introduced up to 10 percent. The milk is kept at 25 degrees C for 8 hours, and then at 20 C for 16 hours. The chemical composition of the ripe "chal" (average): dry residue 11%, in it is 5.5% fats, 1.4% sugars, 3.2% proteins, and 0.7% ash. Vitamin C content is 52 mg/1, its acidity is

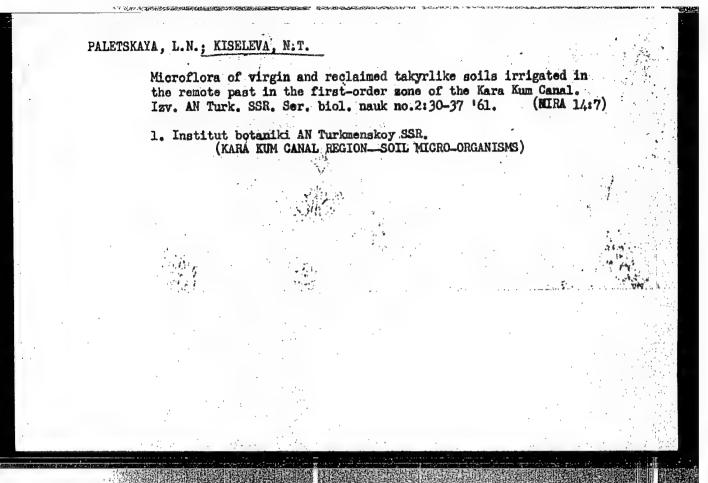
Card

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- 25 -

Effect of various plowing methods on the dynamics of microbiological processes in irrigated meadow-Takyrs under cotton. Trudy Inst. mikrobiol. no.7:328-334 '60. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Institut botaniki Akademii nauk Turkmenskoy SSR. (PLOMING) (SOIL MICRO-ORGANISMS)



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KISELEVA, N.T.; PALETSKAYA, L.N.; SOKOLOVA, Ye.A.

Microflora of meadow-solonchak soils in the middle reaches of the Amu Darya River. Trudy inst. bot. AN Turk. SSR 426-96 158. (MIRA 17:8)

Conference on Soil and Agricultural microbiology. Izv. AN Turk.
SSR. Ser. biol. nauk no.6:99-201 161. (MIRA 15:1)

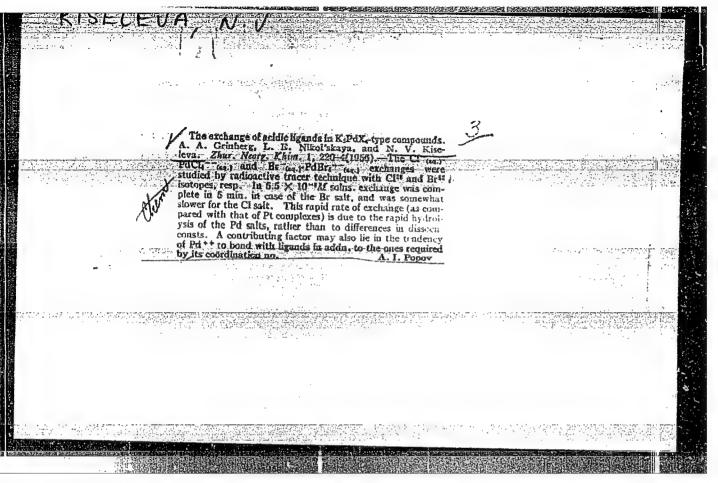
1. Institut botaniki AN Turkmer skoy SSR.
(BACTERIOLOGY, 1 GRICULTURAL_CONGRESSES)

PALETSKAYA, L.N.; KISELEVA, N.T.

Studies in the field of soil and technical microbiology. Izv.
AN Turk. SSR. Ser. biol. nauk no.5:32-33 '64.

1. Institut botaniki AN Turkmenskoy SSR.

(MIRA 18:2)



317/7 1-3-6-15/48 Grinbarr, A. J., Flactorn, E. T. AU'r .0'Ed: On the Problem of the Existence of Josphes Compounds of Tivilent Gallediam like a doordination Praber Greater Than 4 TTTI:: (! vormosu o sushebusiv wemii kompletany h sopedimenii drutch alcotoogo pelledige a koordinateionage chislom bol'she chetyrokii) Whurnel neorganicheskoy khimii, 1953, Vol. 5, Nr 8, LERIOT LT: pp. 1804-1809 (USSR) The wir of the precent words is to fint proof for the existence of complex compounds of bivelent collading with a coordination ABSTRACT: Lumber higher than 4 by means of the intermination of the absorption exectment of equations of E2 [Pdol4] in the presence of a Gl-ion excess. The experiments were curved outwith equeous solutions of K_p [ed01] rolts of different Ol convitte equeous solutions centrations; the pH value of the solution and the optical. density within the range of from 57 -900 ma were determined. From the experiments our ded out may be concluded that in the case of a great excess of chlorine ions in the solution Card 1/5

907/79-3-8-15/48 On the Problem of the Existence of Complex Compounds of Rivelent religious Tith a Coordination Number Greater Than 4 a compound exists which is not identical with Ag [dCld]. This compound has an aparention maximum at 470 mg, whereas the compound Eg [PdCl4] has its observation maximum at 450 mm. Similar experiments were carried out with the systems () ty [rakr4] and Mary , within the apartral range of from 350 to 560 mm. The apectrophotometric investigation showed that the solutions of Kg [14824] ere move stable than E. [14014] in aqueous solution has an absorption The complex E. PdBr m kimum at 590 mm. On the addition of excess Br-ions the absorption maximum is at 500 mg. The results obtained show that in the aystems Pd-Cl and Pd-Br complex ions of the type PdCl(Br) n = 34. The results else prove that [PdBr -(n-2) mare pre 4 figures, 6 tablec, and 6 references, 3 of which are Soviet. Card 2/5

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AUTHOR: Kiseleva, N. V.

ORG: Ashkhabad Institute of Epidemiology and Hygiene (Ashkhabadskiy institut epidemiologii i gigiyeny)

TITLE: Dogs as carriers of intestinal adenoviruses related antigenically to such viruses in man

SOURCE: Zh mikrobiol, epidemiol i immunobiol, no. 6, 1966, 48-54

TOPIC TAGS: animal disease, carrier state, virology, virus, adenovirus, antigen, antigenic structure, human disease, intestinal oscase, hepatitis, with tissue culture

ABSTRACT:

Using smrological and virological tests as well as experimental infection of puppies, a close relationship between human and canine hepatitis was shown. All of the virus strains obtained from dogs grew well in cultures of human lung and kidney tissue with a higher antibody titer than when grown on puppy kidney. The Echo-l and adenoviruses isolated from dogs indicate that dogs may be carriers of intestinal viruses related to those affecting humans. Orig. art. has: 3 tables. [W.A. 50; CBE No. 10]

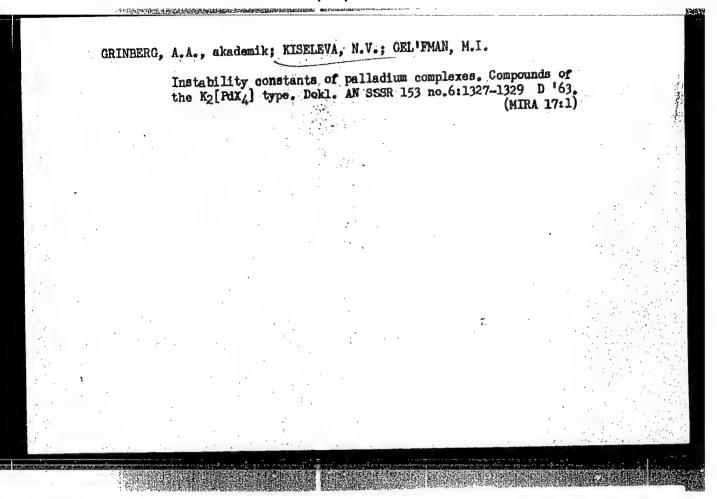
SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 31May65/ ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REF: 007/
Cord 1/1 UDC: 616.12-002.12-022.39-078:599.742.1+599.742.1-167:576.858.5

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23110-66 EMT(m)/EMP(j)/T INF(c) ACC NRI UR/0020/66/167/001/0099/0101 AP6009488 AUTHOR: Grinberg, A.A. (Academician); Babitskiy, B.D.; Bezhan, I.P.; Varshavskiy, Yu.S.; Gel'fman, M.I.; Kiseleva, N.V.; Kormer, V.A.; Smolen-skaya, D.B.; Chesnokova, N.N. ORG: All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Synthetic Rubber im. S.V. Lebedev (Vsesoyuzn y nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sinteticheskogo au huka); Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry im. N.S. Kurnakov of the AN SSSR(Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii AN SSSR) TITLE: The effect of the composition of rhodium(III) complexes on their catalytic activity in the process of stereospecific polymerization of butadiene-1,3 in an aqueous medium SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v.167, no.1, 1966, 99-101 TOPIC TAGS: rhodium compound, polymerization catalyst, butadiene, aqueous solution ABSTRACT: The complexes to be investigated, synthesized by known methods, were analyzed for their rhodium and halide content. The polymerization was carried out by methods described in a previous article. A table shows results of using fifteen different rhodium complexes as catalysts in the polymerization of butadiene in an aqueous emulsion at 50 and 700. It follows from these results that the gradual replacement Card 1/2 UDO: 66.095.264:678.672:661.897

on rate. The catalytic activity of bromine derivatives also with an increasing accumulation of ammonia molecules in the ohere of the complex. Comparison of the catalytic effect of the of rhodium shows that the chlorides and the bromides of rhodium lost identical catalytic ability and stereospecificity. The is inactive at 500, while in its presence at 700 there takes	
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KUZIN, M.I., prof.; SACHKOV, V.I.; KISELEVA, N.V.

Use of viadril in clinical practice. Khirurgiia 39 no.7:19-25
J1'63 (MIRA 16:12)

1. Iz fakul'tetskoy khirurgicheskoy kliniki (zav. - prof.
N.N.Yelanskiy) I Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo
instituta imeni I.M.Sechenova.

「大力の対象の指数を開発を開発を開発を開発を表現します。

KUZIN, N.I., prof.; NARYCHEV, A.A., kand. med. nauk; KISELEVA, N.V.

General anesthesia in surgery on the thyroid gland. Khirurgiia 40 no.12:5-11 D '64. (MIRA 18:3)

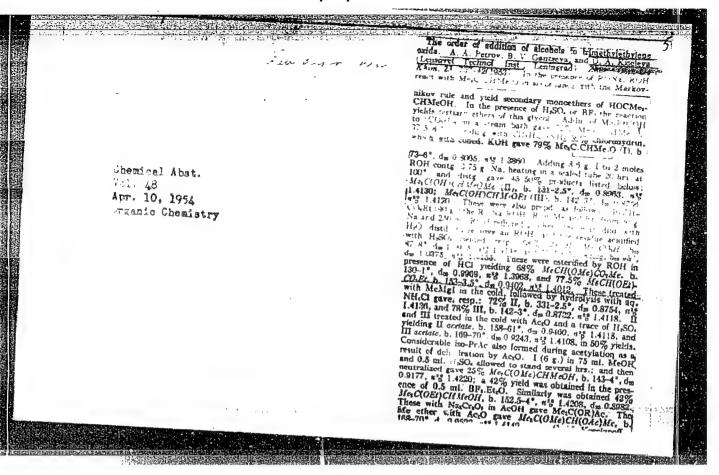
1. Fakul'tetskaya khirurgicheskaya klinika (zav.- rof. N.N. Yelanskiy [deceased]) I Moskovskogo ordena Lenina meditsinskogo instituta imeni Sechenova.

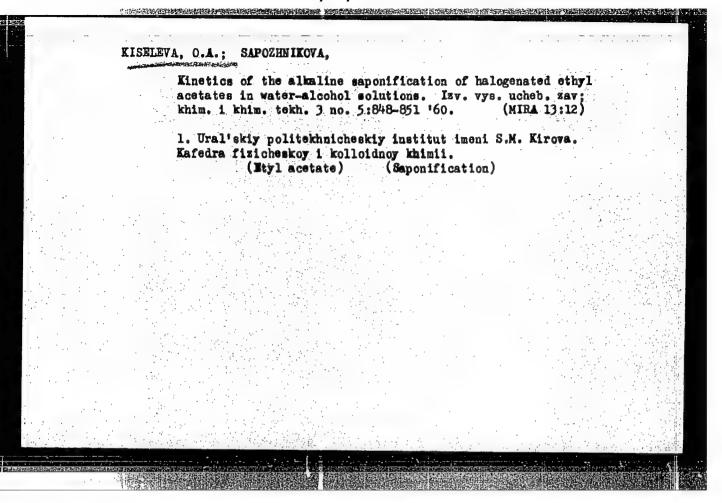
KUZIN, M.I.; SACHKOV, V.I.; KISELEVA, N.V.

Results of the use of viadril in a clinic. Trudy 1-go MMI 33:
333-340 '64. (MIRA 18:3)

ing operation and protheties." Mos, 1958. 16 pp. (Min Health Inst A the Mary Thurwy USSR, Central Water for the Expression of Physicians), 200 copies.

- 138 -





ANTONOV, V.K.; SHCHELCKOV, V.I.; SHEMYAKIN, M.M.; TOVAROVA, I.I.; KISELEVA, O.A.

Selective hydrolysis of 0,0°-diacetylserratomolide and a comparison of the synthetic and biosynthetic types of the antibiotic.

Antibiotiki 10 no.5:387-390 My 165. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Institut khimii prirodnykh soyedineniy AN SSSR, Moskva.

2. Iaboratoriva khimii antibiotikev Instituta khimii prirodnykh soyedineniy AN SSSR, Moskva (for Shemyakin). 3. Iaboratoriya vydeleniya i ochistki prirodnykh soyedineniy Instituta khimii prirodnykh soyedineniy AN SSSR, Moskva (for Kiseleva).

KISELEVA, O. I.

Kiseleva, O. I.

"Stomach cancer (clinical-anatomical investigation)." Min Health RSFSR. Ivanovo State Medical Inst. Ivanovo, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Medical Science)

So:. Knizhnaya letopis!, No. 25, 1956

KISELEVA, O.I., kand.med.nauk (Ivanovo, ul. Kalinina, d.31/20, kv.69)

Forms of cancer of the stomach according to Borman and their practical significance. Vest. khir. 83 no.8:38-42 Ag '59. (MIRA 13:1)

1. Iz fakul'tetskoy khirurgicheskoy kliniki (zav. - prof. M.A. Bla-goveshchenskiy) Ivanovskogo meditsinskogo instituta i khirurgichesko-go otdeleniya Ivanovskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach - M.R. Freydes).

(STOMACH neoplasms)

authors: Neyman, R. E., Lymahenko, O. A., Kirdeyeva, A. P.,
Yegorov, A. K., Kiseleva, O. G.

TITLE: Investigation of stability and coagulation of synthetic
lateres. 1. Effect of adsorptive saturation of the gebule
surface by the scularifier

PERIODICAL: Kolloidnyy zhurnal, v. 23, no. 6, 1961, 732 - 738

TEXT, The coagulation kinetics of dilute synthetic lateres as dependent
on the adsorptive saturation of the globule surface by the scularifier
(Nekal) was investigated. Experiments were conducted with divinyl
styrene later of the type (KC-30-AP) (SKS-30-AP). The production of
lator specimens differently saturated with smulafier was carried out:
(1) Dialysis of the later for 50 days, the adsorptive saturation with
smulsifier having been reduced down to 19%. The dialyzate was divided
and mixed with various amounts of Hekal. (2) The later was also dialyzed.
Specimens were taken during dialyzing (maximus saturation of the globule
surface w75%, minimum w11%). The degree of surface saturation was

Card 1/4

Mark to a second a second seco S/069/61/023/006/004/005 B119/B101 Investigation of stability ... determined by adsorption titration with aqueous Nekal solution (indication: change of the surface tension). Coagulation was brought about by means of CaCl2 and NaCl, respectively. The course of coagulation was observed on the basis of turbidity (measuring instruments, HOM (NFM) nephelometer). The value of the concentration gradient of the refractive index of dispersion, was determined by means of a NET 23 (IRF-23) refractometer. The macroelectrophoresis of latex specimens was conducted with an instrument according to A. I. Rabinovich and Ye. V. Fodiman (Zh. fiz. khimii 2, 336, 1931). The 5-potential was calculated on the basis of data obtained from the electrophoresis. Results: The coagulation of latex not completely saturated takes place in two steps. The duration of the first step (characterized by a relatively quick turbidity of the solution) was 80 - 85 min for the least saturated latex specimens, and increased with increasing adsorptive saturation. Explanations The quick coagulation of the globules occurs in places not covered by emulsifier. The size of the aggregates developed after this first coagulation step decreases, therefore, with increasing surface saturation of the initial globules. The second step takes place much more slowly than the first. This is due to the necessary overcoming of an additional Card 2/4

potential barrier. The first phase could not be established for completely saturated later; coagulation takes place from the start according to the second phase. The mean radius of the initial globules was 20 - 22 mµ. The radius of the aggregates formed after the first coagulation step was 43 - 58 mµ. The surface tension of the later decreases with increasing saturation and is constant of further Nekal additions after the total saturation. The \$\frac{1}{2}-potential changes only alightly within the degrees of saturation investigated; 55 mv for later saturated up to 25 - 30%; 65 mv for completely saturated later. A dependence of the electrophoretic migration rate of the globules on their adsorptive degree of saturation was not established. Studies by B. V. Deryagin (Tr. Tret'ey vses. konferentsii po kolloidny khimii, Isd. AN SSSR 1956, str. 225), P. A. Rebinder (Sb. "Kolloidy v pishchevoy prom-sti", 2, 1949, str. 21), and S. A. Glikman and Ye. P. Korchagina (Ref. 5: Kolloidn. zh. 19, 657, 1957) are mentioned. There are 6 figures, 1 table, and 13 references: 9 Soviet and 4 non-Soviet. The two most recent references to English-language publications read as follows: J. T. G. Overbeek, Advances in Coll. Science, N. J., 2, 97, 1950, S. H. Maron, W. W. Bowler, J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 70, 3893, 1948.	 S/069/61/023/006/004/005 Investigation of stability B119/B101	(-
Card 3/4	potential barrier. The first phase could not be established for completely saturated latex; congulation takes place from the start according to the second phase. The mean radius of the initial globules was 20 - 22 mm. The radius of the eggregates formed after the first coagulation step was 43 - 58 mm. The surface tension of the latex decreases with increasing saturation and is constant of further Nekal additions after the total saturation. The f-potential changes only slightly within the degrees of saturation investigated: 55 mv for latex saturated up to 25 - 30%; 65 mv for completely saturated latex. A dependence of the electrophoretic migration rate of the globules on their adsorptive degree of saturation was not established. Studies by B. V. Deryagin (Tr. Tret'ey vses. konferentsii po kolloidnoy khimii, Isd. AK SSSR 1956, str. 225), P. A. Rebinder (Sb. "Kolloidy v pishchevoy prom-sti", 2, 1949, str. 21), and S. A. Glikman and Ye. P. Korchagins (Ref. 5: Kolloidn. zh. 19, 657, 1957) are mentioned. There are 6 figures, 1 table, and 13 references: 9 Soviet and 4 non-Soviet. The two most recent references to English-language publications read as follows:	<u>~</u>	And the second s
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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722810019-1

NEYMAN, R.E.; LYASHENKO, O.A.; KIRDEYEVA, A.P.; YEGOROV, A.K.; KISELEVA, O.G.

Stability and coagulation of synthetic latexes. Part 1: Effect of the adsorptive saturation of the globule surface by an emulsifier.

Koll.zbur. 23 no.6:732-738 N-D '61. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Voronezhskiy universitet, khimicheskiy fakul'tet, laboratoriya vysokomolekulyarnykh soyedineniy.

(Rubber, Synthetic) (Adsorption) (Emulsifying agents)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722810019-1

NEYMAN R.K.; KISEIEVA. O.G.

Stability and coagulation of synthatic latexes. Part 5. Koll.zhur.
(MIRA 17:10)

1. Voronozhskiy universitet, khimicheskiy fakul'tot, laboratoriya vysokomolekulyarnykh soyedineniy.

Clinical and morphological characteristics of complications following subcutaneous injections in children. Arkh. pat. no.9: 50-53 '61. 1. Is kafedry khirurgii detskogo vozrasta (zav. - prof. T. F. Ganzhulevich) i kafedry patologicheskoy anatomii (zav. - prof. F. F. Yerofeyer) Ivanovskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - dotsent Ia. M. Romanov) (INJECTIONS, HYPODERMIC) (SKIN_TUBERCULOSIS)

TOTAL THE STREET STREET, STREE LEONT'YEV, M.N.; prinimali uchastiye: BAKINA, K.V.; KISELEVA, O.M.; KRAVETS, Ye.A.; KARLOVA, S.A.; DUBNOVA, S.S.; SEMENYAKO, A.G.; ZAMORINA, Z.T.; MILANINA, Ye.P.; KOZELISKAYA, O.P.; VASILIKOVA, Z.I.; ZOTOV, S.N.; YERMOLOV, A.I.; BEZIYUDNAYA, V.V.; NAZAROV, B.A.; ASHIKHMINA, V.M.; ASYAKINA, A.N.; TROITSKAYA, B.I.; SKVORTSOV, A.V., red.; LESHAKOV, I.T., tekhn. red. [The economy of Orlov Province; a statistical manual] Narodnoe khoziaistvo Orlovskoi oblasti; statisticheskii sbornik. Orel. Gosstatisdat, 1960. 281 p. (MIRA 14:5) 1. Orel(Province) Statisticheskoye upravleniye. 2. Zamestitel' nachal'nika statisticheskogo upravleniya Orlovskoy oblasti (for Leont'yev). 3. Statisticheskoye upravleniye Orlovskoy oblasti (for all except Leshakov) 4. Nachal'nik statisticheskogo upravleniya Orlovskoy oblasti (for Skvortsov) (Orlow Province—Statistics)

RISELEVA, O.T.

Pised hydrogen sulfide, liberated by the action of hydrochloric acid on Mollakara earth. Isv. AN Turk. SSR. no.1:126-128 159.

(MIRA 12:5)

l. Turkmenskiy gosudarstvennyy meditsinskiy institut.
(Mollakara--Earth, Medical and surgical uses of)

KISELEVH

15-57-8-11302

Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 8, p 169 (USSR) Translation from:

AUTHOR:

Kiseleva, O. V.

TITLE:

Phosphorites of the Upper and Middle Volga District

(Fosfority Verkhnego i Srednego Povolzh'ya)

PERIODICAL:

V sb: Vopr. geol. agron. rud. Moscow, AN SSSR, 1956,

pp 90-98

ABSTRACT:

In the territory of the Upper and Middle Volga

districts, phosphorites are associated with the Mesozoic deposits and are widespread. The phosphorites

of the lower and upper Volga strata of the Upper

Jurassic period and also the Lower Cretaceous Valangenian and Albian phosphorites are most widely developed. The phosphorite is usually nodular; phospho-

ritic beds are rarely found. The lower Volga phosphorites pass into the Ulyanovsk and Kuibyshev Regions.

Card 1/2

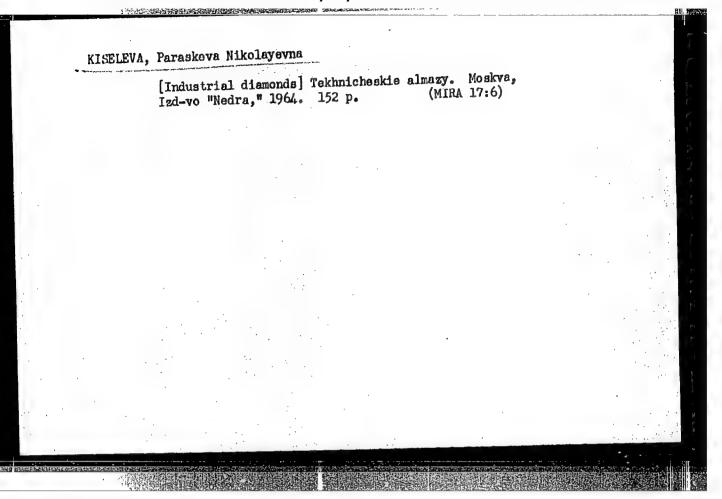
15-57-8-11302 .

Phosphorites of the Upper and Middle Volga District (Cont.)

The phosphoritic level is thin and nowhere exceeds 0.24 m. The content of P2O5 varies from 12.5 to 14.15 percent. The upper Volga phosphoritic level, because of its thinness (0.05 m to 0.10 m) and phosphoritic level, because of its thinness (0.05 m to 0.10 m) and phosphoritic level is outstanding in quality. Among these deposits are the ritic level is outstanding in quality. Among these deposits are the Vyatka-Kamskoye; their phosphorites contain an average of 25 percent Vyatka-Kamskoye; their phosphorites contain an average of 25 percent of P2O5. The thickness of the phosphoritic level is about 0.7 m. Of P2O5. The thickness of the phosphoritics are found only mordovian Autonomous SSR. The Albian phosphorites are found only in the Saratov region. The content of P2O5 varies from 17 to 18 percent. Phosphorites of the Santonian age are encountered in the Penza region. The thickness of the phosphoritic level varies from 6.35 to 0.39 m. The content of P2O5 varies from 15 to 18 percent. The conditions of deposition of the enumerated phosphoritic levels in the majority of deposits are unfavorable. Almost all are below water table and lie at a depth exceeding 10 m.

V. P. Yeremeyev Card 2/2

.UTHOR:	Kiseleva, P.N.	SOV/132-58-11-14/17
TITLE:	Methods of Prospecting for the Kiml kov kimberlitovykh trubok). Short	berlite Tubes (Metody pois- Review (Kratkiy obzor)
PERIODICAL:	Razvedka i okhrana nedr, 1958, Nr	11, pp 54 - 56 (USSR)
ABSTRACT:	The author describes different met Kimberlite tubes in different fore 9 non-Soviet references.	hods of prospecting for ign countries. There are
ASSOCIATION:	Tsentral'naya ekspeditsiya VSEGEI pedition)	(The Central VSEGEI Ex-
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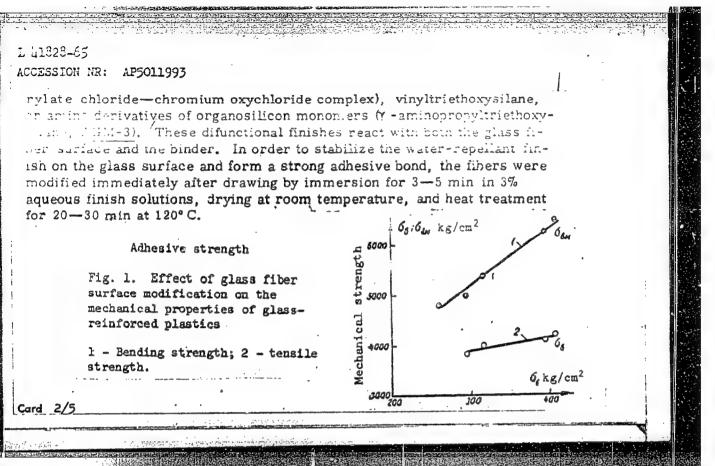


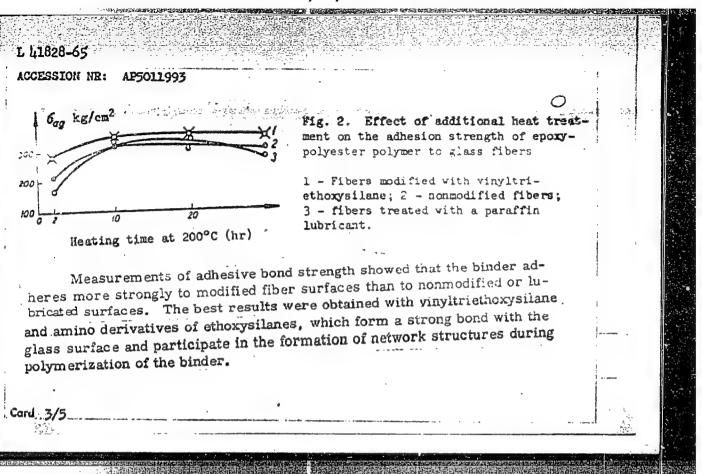
KISELEVA, R.A.; DUDKIN, M.S.

Determination of dicaboxylic acids by paper chromatography. Zav. lab. 31 no. 12:1448-1449 '65 (NIRA 19:1)

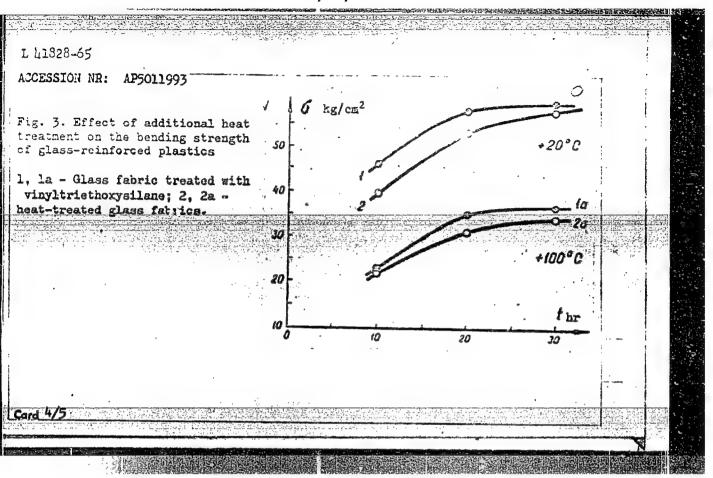
1. Odesakiy tekhnologicheskiy institut.

L L1828-65 EMP(e)/EPA(s)-2/EMT(m)/EPF(c)/EMP(1)/EPR/EMP(j)/T/EMP(b) Pc-L/	
Po-L/Pr-L/Ps-4 RPL RM/WH/WW UR/0374/65/000/001/0093/0099	
ACCESSION AR. RESCEEDING	
Andreyevskaya, G. D. (Moscow); Gorbatkina, Yu. A. (Moscow); Zamotova, A.V.	. 1
(Moscow); Kiseleva, R. L. (Moscow); Odnoletkova, T. V. (Moscow); Knvllivitskly,	
R. Ya. (Moscow)	
TITLE: Effect of modification of the glass fiber surface on the adhesion and 4 ?	
numerical strength of glass-reinforced plastics /	
19	
SOURCE: Mekhanika polimerov, no. 1, 1965, 93-99	1
TOPIC TAGS: reinforced plastic, fiberglass, adhesion, polyester plastic,	
epoxy plastic, polymer physical chemistry	
ABSTRACT: A study has been made of the adhesion strength of epoxy-polyester	
binders to glass fibers and its effect on the mechanical properties of	
glass-reinforced plastics. The experiments were conducted with poly-	
ester resin modified with ED-6 Pepoxy resin containing carboxyl compounds.	
Benzoyl peroxide or methyltetrahydrophthalic anhydride curing agents were used. Alkali-free glass fibers (7—12 µ in diameter) were used as the fill-	
er. The fibers were either nonmodified or modified with a paraffin lu-	
bricant or with water-repellant finishes such as Volan (chromium methae-	
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he relationship between the acalss-fabric reinforced plasticults given in Figs. 1-3 indically introduced the adhesion between the control of the expension of t	es was studie ate that fini tween binder	d by bending and ten shing and additiona and glass fiber, al	usile tests. The contract of t	le re-	American Ame
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BORSUK, R.A.; KISELEVA, R.N.

Regeneration of the lens in the larvae of "gallipato" (Pleurodeles waltlii). Vest. Mosk un. Ser. 6:Biol., pochv. 19 no.2:38-43 Mr-Ap '64. (MIRA 17:9)

l. Kafedra embriologii Moskovskogo universiteta.

18 (7) AUTHORS:

Kiseleva, S. A., Fayvilevich, G. A.

SOV/32-25-5-16/56

TITLE:

Use of Color Metallography for the Investigation of Ironchrome Alloys (Primeneniye tsvetnoy metallografii k issledovaniyu zhelezokhromistykh splavov)

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1959, Vol 25, Nr 5, pp 570-571 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The present paper describes the use of color pickling for the investigation of structural transformation processes in the thermal treatment of binary iron chrome alloys (39.15 % Cr and 0.035 % C). L. G. Apolovnikova carried out the chemical pickling mainly in aqueous solutions (4 g KMnO₄, 4 g Na₂O₂

on 100 ml of water) at 90° and a duration of 2-3 minutes. The color photographs of the microstructure were prepared by Yu. I. Smirnov. The best results were obtained when prior to chemical pickling an electrolytic pickling (in 10 g Cro₃ on 100 ml of

water or 1 g picric acid, 5 ml hydrochloric acid and 95 ml ethanol) took place. The coloring reagent may be supplied by a boiling solution consisting of: 10 g K₃Fe(CN)₆, 10 g KOH,

100 ml of water or 30 g K₃Fe(CN)₆, 30 g KOH and 100 ml of

Card 1/2

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Use of Color Metallography for the Investigation of Iron-chrome Alloys

SOV/32-25-5-16/56

water (Ref 3). A special arrangement (Fig 1) was devised for the hot pickling of the samples, making it possible to carry out heating in vacuum followed by an oxidation of the polished microsection surface at atmospheric pressure. The apparatus features a diffusion pump TsVL-100, a rotating oil pump VP-461, a monometer container LT-2 and NM-2 and a vacuum meter VIT-1. A few color photographs of different pickled microsections are shown (Figs 2-5). Depending on the mode of pickling the individual metal phases are differently colored. Pickling with alkaline ferrocyanide shows that the separation of the o-phase is concentrated all around the caroide particles. Proportionally to the annealing duration also a partial penetration of the 5-phase into the grain bodies was observed. The work under review was carried out under the advice of A. N. Chervyakov. There are 5 figures and 2 references, 1 of which is Soviet.

ASSOCIATION:

Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii (Central Scientific Research Institute of Ferrous Metallurgy)

Card 2/2

VINOGRAD, M.I.; KISELEVA, S.A.; SMIRROVA, A.V.; KRASMOVA, A.K.;

PAYVILLEVICH, G.A.; PAYPEROVA, I.A.; SMIRROV, Yu.I.

"Metallography laboratory" by E.V.Panchenko and others. Reviewed by M.I.Vinograd and others. Zav.lab. 26 no.1:127-128 (60. (MIRA 13:5))

(Metallography)

KISKLEVA, Sof'ys Aleksandrovna; FAYVILEVICH, Galins Aminondovna;
BERLIB, Ye.M., red.ind-va; MIKHAYLOVA, V.V., tekhn.red.;
EVENSON, I.M., tekhn.red.

[Metallography of nonferrous metals] TSvetnais metallografiia. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.isd-vo lit-ry po chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1960. 109 p.

(MIRA 14:1)

(Monferrous metals--Metallography)

VINOGRAD, M.I.; KISELEVA, S.A.; KRASHOVA, A.K. Accuracy of a quantitative evaluation of the contamination of steel by inclusions. Zav.lab. 26 no.9:1086-1088 '60. (MRA 13:9) 1. TSentral'nyy nauchon-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii im. I.P.Bardina. (Steel--Testing)

S/028/61/000/011/003/004 D221/D301

AUTHORS:

Vinograd, M.I., <u>Kiseleva, S.A.</u>, Akimova, Ye. P., Apolovnikova, L.G., Shevchenko, L.N., Kedrina, A.M.,

and Krasnova, A.K.

TITLE:

The metallographic method of determining non-metallic

inclusions

PERIODICAL:

Standartizatsiya, no. 11, 1961, 27-33

TEXT: The draft standard: "Steel - The metallographic method of determining inclusions" was prepared by the Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii (Central Scientific Research Institute of Ferrous Metallurgy) and the Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy trubnyy institut (Ukrainian Scientific Research Institute of Pipes). It includes a scale, covers non-metallic inclusions, and envisages random sampling when the disposition of material is unknown, or from three points along the height of ingots. The project recommends discussion on the quantity of specimens which would ensure the required accuracy.

Card 1/2

S/028/61/000/011/003/004 D221/D301

The metallographic ...

The suggested scale for evaluating non-metallic inclusions distinguishes three groups: Oxides, globular and sulphides. The scale division is based on the area taken up by the inclusions in one field of viewing, and which increases in a geometrical progression of 2 when passing from one mark to another. In 1959, the UkrNITI developed a special scale for streaky nitride inclusions of titanium in steel rolled sections. The project prescribes a 90 - 110 times magnification. The area taken up by inclusions of mark 3 is equal to that of the same mark scale of (GOST) 80-160. There are tabulated areas of various inclusions and their classification necessitates the separation of silicates into an individucal group. They form greatly deformed, plastically deformed and nondeformed inclusions. The project assumes the average mark from the maxima of specimen evaluations of inclusions as a criterion of casting. This is confirmed by statistical analysis. The errors in determining the average mark, and the method of their calculation for some types of inclusions are defined by the project of the standard. There are 2 figures, 5 tables and 9 Soviet-bloc references.

Card 2/2

VINOGRAD, M.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; GONCHARENKO, M.S., inzh. [deceased];

DORONIN, V.M., inzh.; TOPILIN, V.V., inzh.; CHERNINA, B.G., inzh.;

Prinimali uchastiye: SHEYN, A.S., kand.tekhn.nauk; GORSKIY, V.N.,

inzh.; ARKHIPOVA, V.P., inzh.; LAGUNTSOVA, Ye.V., inzh.;

KISELEVA, S.A., inzh; RYBAKOVA, V. Ya., inzh.; EYSTRIKOVA, I.N.,

tekhnik; BURDYUCHKINA, Ye.P., tekhnik; SOLODIKHIN, I.P., tekhnik.

Improving the process of making EI347 steel for bearings.

Stal' 21 no.6:543-546 Je '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy

metallurgii i zavod "Elektrostal'."

(Bearing metals)

CHERVYAKOV, Aleksandr Nikolayevich; KISELEVA, Sof'ya Aleksandrovna;
RYL'NIKOVA, Alla Grigor'yevna; FCMIB', N.V., red.;
HERLIB, Ye.M., red. izd-va; VAYNEHEYN, Ye.B., tekhm. red.

[Metallographic determination of inclusions in steel] Metallograficheckoe opredelenie vkliuchenii v steli. Izd.2., perer. i dop. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhm. izd-vo lit-ry po chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1962. 248 p. (MIRA 1512)

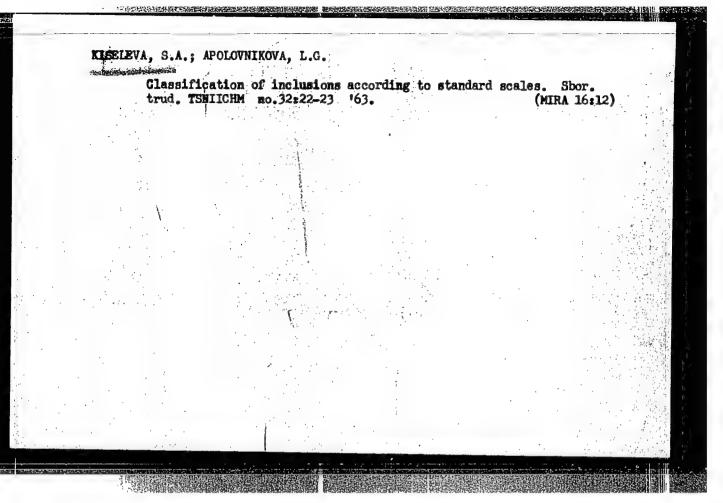
(Steel-Defects) (Metallography)

KISELEVA, S.A.; RYBAKOVA, V.Ya.

Inclusions in ShKhl5 steel made in vacuum induction furnaces.

Sbor. trud. TSNIICHM no.24:279-283 '62. (MIRA 15:6)

(Steel--Inclusions) (Vacuum metallurgy)



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722810019-1"

KISELEVA, S.A.; RYBAKOVA, V.Ya.

Metallography of the boundary layer in a bimetal. Sbor. trud.
TSNIIGHM no.32:114-117 '63. (MIRA 16:12)

PLAKUNOVA, V.G.; KISELEVA, S.A.

Effect of excessive aeration on the biosynthesis of biomycin. Ferm. i spirt.prom. 31 no.5:19-21 65. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy Institut fermentney i spirtovoy promyshlennosti.

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

FREMEL', V.B.; SHISHKOVA, E.A.; KISELEVA, S.A.

Ways to increase the yield of antibiotics. Ferm. i spirt. prom. 30 no.1:27-29 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut fermentnoy i spirtovoy promyshlennosti.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722810019-1

KISELEVA

USSR / Pharmacology, Toxicology, Cardiovascular Agents

11-6

Aus Jour

: Referat Zh.-Biol., No 1, 1958, No 3518

Author

: Kiseleva, S.K.

Inst

: Not given

Title

: Treatment of Hypertensive Patients with Serpasil

Orig Pub

: Klinich. meditsina, 1957, 35, No 1, 28-35.

Abstract

: 28 hypertensive patients were treated with serpasil in a dose of 0.1 mg, 2-3 times per day. In treatment of patients with grade III hypertension the daily dose was raised to 0.6 - 0.8 mg (if their tolerance was high). The course of treatment lasted for 25 days. The above doses caused almost no side effects. In addition to its hypotensive effect, reserpine improved the patients' general condition. With a decrease of arterial pressure

Card 1/2

USSR / Pharmacology, Toxicology, Cardiovascular Agents

U-6

Abs Jour Referat Zh.-Biol., No 1, 1958, No 3518
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722810019-

Abstract : to normal, the dose should be gradually diminished to 0.2-0.1 mg q.d. and continued for some time.

Card 2/2

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology. Blood. Formed Elements of Blood.

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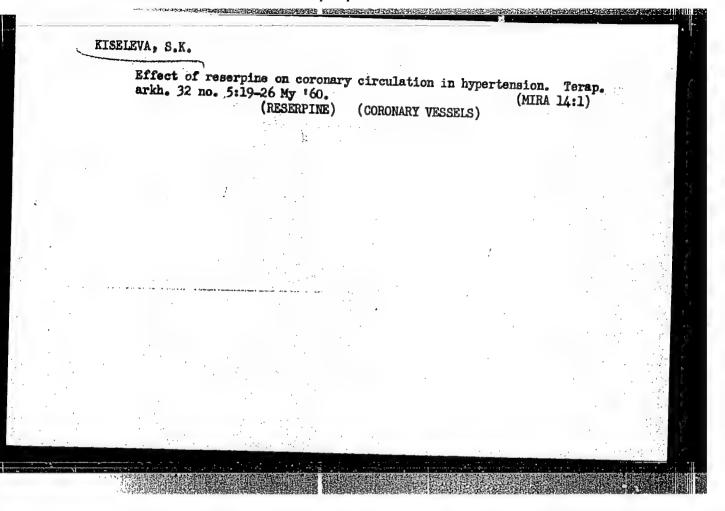
Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 20, 1958, 93092.

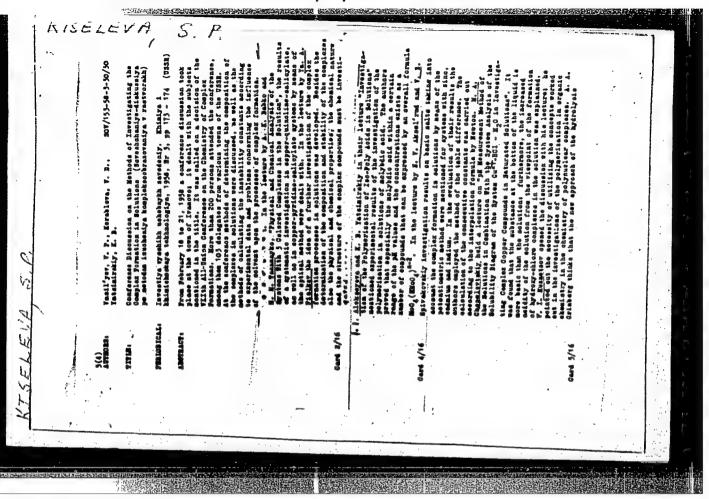
castric analysis was performed by the Bykev-Kurtsin tochnique. Blood was taken before intubation, after introduction of 8, each time before evacuation of the storneh contents, and after removal of the tube from the storneh. The medical S caused a decrease in the number of L on an average of 4900 in 1 and (53%), and the chemical - 3300 (35.7%). Preliminary introduction of a novoccin solution did not affect the decrease of L regardless of the nature of the applied S. Approximately the same effect was obtained, with the exception of the central part of the reflex are, regardless of the nature of S (sleep). These tests confirm the reflex acclanism of the described leukocytic reaction accomplished by participation of the

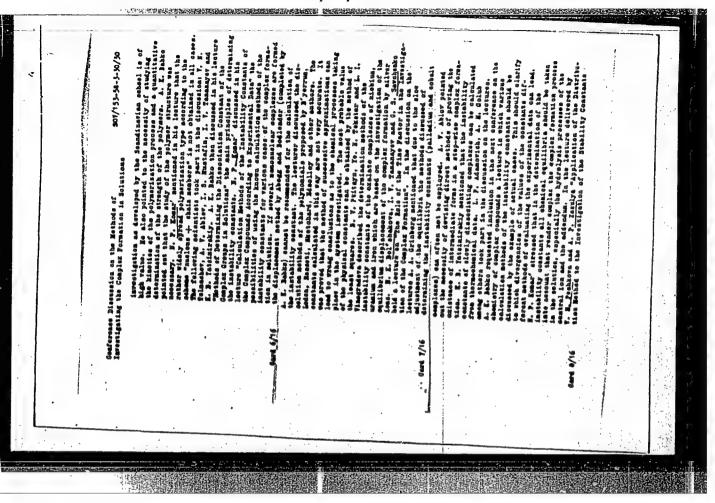
Card : 2/3

34

Renal hemodynamics in the treatment of hypertension with Rauwolfia serpentina paparations. Rin.med. 36 no.10:121-129 0 '58 (MRRA 11:11) 1. Is klinicheskogo sanatoriya "Barvikha" (glavnyy vrach K.A. Galenin namchnyy rukovoditel' - prof. K.G. Karasey) i propedevticheskoy terapevticheskoy kliniki (zav. - prof. A.M. Damir) II Moskovskogo instituta imeni E.I. Pirogova. (RAUWOLFIA ALEADOIIS. ther. use hypertension, eff. on renal hemodynamics (Rus)) (KIDNETS. blood supply hemedynamics in hypertension, eff. of Rauwolfia alkaloids (Rus))

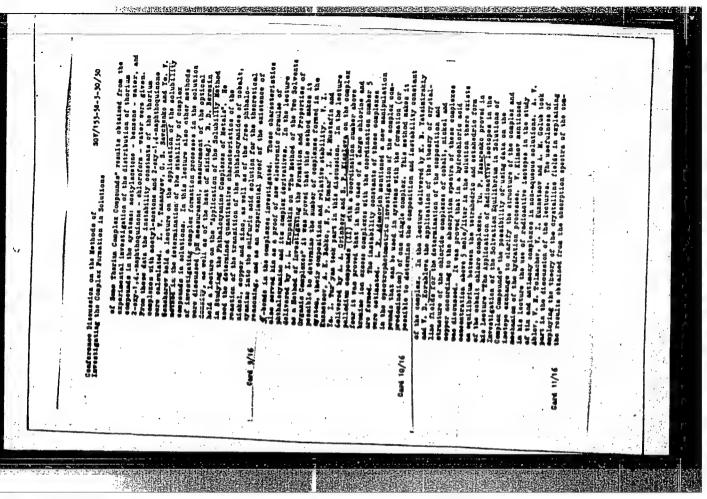


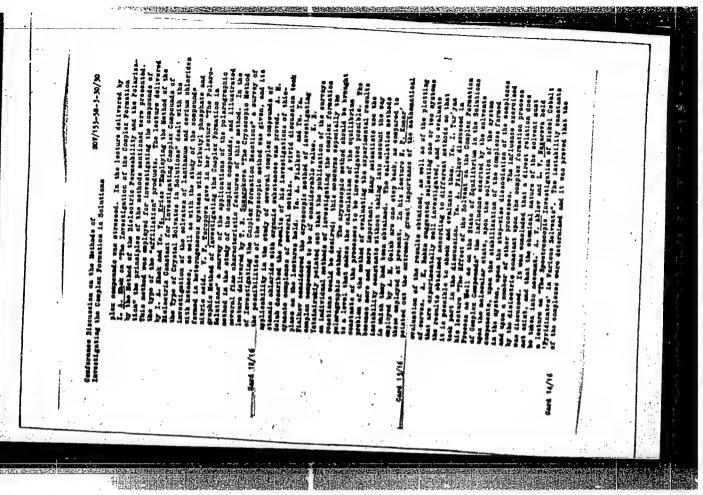




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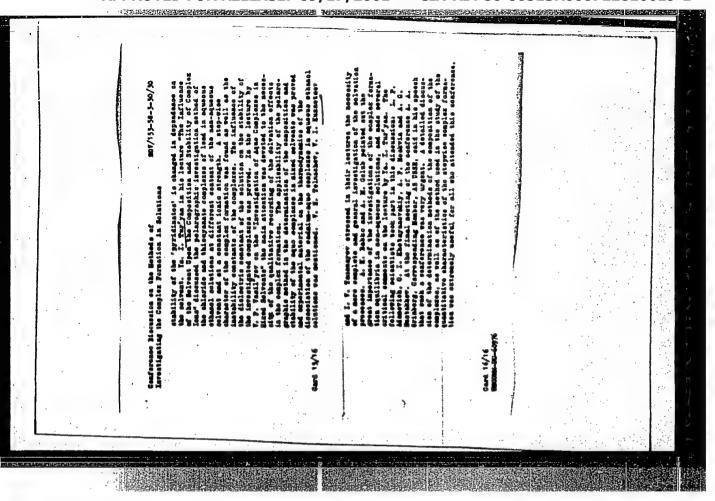




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KISTLEVA, S. Ye.: "The physical development of breast-fed children in the dity of Alma-Ata." Kazakh State Medical Inst imeni v. M. Molotov. Alma-Ata, 1956.
(Dissertation for Degree of Candidate in Medical Sciences).

S0: Knizhnaya letopis', No 23, 1956.

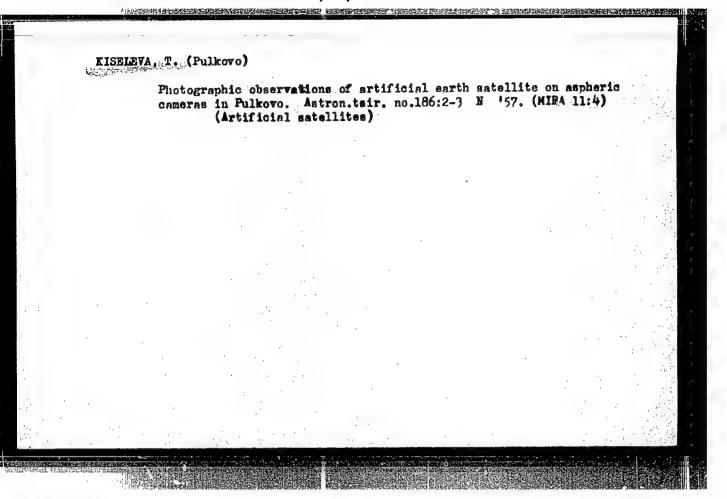
KISELEVALTS

1. PETROV, S.; BURSHTEYN, R.; KISELEVA, T.

2. USSR (600)

"The Adsorption of Cations on Platinized Coal in a Hydrogen Atmosphere", Zhur. Fiz. Khim, 13, No. 8, 1939. Moscow, Physico-Chemical Institute imeni L. Ya. Karpov, Laboratory of Superficial Phenomena. Received 20 Feb 1939.

9. Report U-1615, 3 Jan 1952.



OBLEUKHOVA, O.; PROTASOV, V.; KISELEVA, T.

All-weather oil for V-type car uretor engines. Avt.transp. 41
no.10:17-20 0 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Avtozavod im. I.A.Likhacheva.

YERMILOV, P.I.; GALKINA, Z.V.; KISELEVA, T.A.; INDEYKIN, Ye.A.

Physiocochemical basis for the intensification of iron oxide dispersion in ball mills. Lakokras. mat. i ikh prim. no.5: 57-62 *63. (MIRA 16:11)

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S/137/61/000/011/117/123 A060/A101

5 5300

AUTHORS:

Gladyshev, V.P., Kiseleva, T.G.

TITLE:

On the polarography of germanium

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 11, 1961, 9, abstract 11K54. ("Tr. In-ta khim. nauk. AN KazSSR", 1960, 6. 184 - 195)

TEXT: An investigation was carried out by the method of differential oscillographic polarography on the restoring of ions of Ge⁺⁺⁺ and Ge⁺⁺ in non-buffer solutions (for example, solutions of (NH4)₂SO₄, NH4Cl, (NH4)₃PO₄, NH4CNS, Na₂CO₃, LiCl, KBr, KI, and others with additions of KCN and complexon III). Mercury-drop and jet electrodes were utilized. It was established that in non-buffer, neutral and weakly alkaline solutions, there occurs the restoration of Ge⁺⁺⁺⁺, as indicated by the presence of a notch in the neighborhood of -1.5 v in the upper part of the curves dE/dt vs E, corresponding to the cathode process. The process of restoring is irreversible and is of a kinetic nature. In the presence of the NH4 ion in the solution one observes a second wave in the

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On the polarography.....

region of -1'.7 v, caused by the restoration of H⁺ ions. Ge⁺⁺ is restored in solutions of KCl, KBr, and HCl of any concentration. If the III complex is added, the restoration does not occur in the solution of (NH₄)₂CO₃. The restoration process of Ge⁺⁺ is reversible and is of a diffusion nature. The half-wave potentials are determined for G⁺⁺⁺⁺ and Ge⁺⁺ against various backgrounds. There are 26 references.

N. Gertseva

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

BUR'YANOV, Viktor Fomin; ROKOTYAN, Yevgeniy Sergeyevich; GUREVICH, Azriel' Yefimovich; SON'KIN, M.A., red.; KISELEVA, T.I., ATTOPOVICH, M.K., tekhn. red.

[Calculating the power of main drive motors for rolling mills]
Raschet moshchnosti dvigatelei glavnykh privodov prokatnykh
stanov. Moskva, Metallurgizdat, 1962. 360 p. (MIRA 15:6)
(Rolling mills—Electric driving)

USSR/Chemistry - Mercury Organic Jul 52
Compounds

"The Reactions of Diphenylmercury With Esters,"
M. M. Koton, T. M. Kiseleva, Leningrad PhysTech Inst, Acad Sci USSR.

"Zhur Obshch Khim" Vol 22, No 7, pp 1139, 1140

Studied the reactions of diphenylmercury with
esters. At 150°, diphenylmercury reacted with
esters to form corresponding derivs of the general formula RCOOMECCH5. Besides the latter,
formation of metallic mercury took place in
several cases.